

NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MARKETING & LOGISTICS

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF MARKETING AND OTHERS					
QUALIFICATION CODE: 07MARB	LEVEL: 5				
COURSE CODE: IME511S	COURSE NAME: INTRODUCTION TO MARKETING AND ITS ENVIRONMENT				
SESSION: JULY 2019	PAPER: THEORY				
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100				

SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION
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INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of SEVEN (7) questions
- 2. Answer ALL questions
- 3. Write as legible as possible, and as precise as possible
- 4. Indicate your class lecturer's name on your answer sheet
- 5. Use the tables provided on [page 7] to answer the questions for Section A; Question One (Multiple Choice Questions) and Question Two (True/False Questions), detach and insert it into your answer booklet
- 6. Read each question carefully
- 7. Allocate your time appropriately

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF SEVEN (7) PAGES

GOOD LUCK!!

QUESTION 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

(15 X 1 =15)

Choose the correct answer and use the answer sheet provided to answer the following multiple choice questions. Each question only has ONE correct answer. 1 mark shall be awarded for each correct answer.

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1.	Marketing seeks to create and manage profitable customer relationships by delivering o customers competitive prices . superior value . superior service l. superior promotion . product assortment	
2.	successful businesses have one thing in common; they are heavily committed to marketing a trongly working at . obtaining the best CEOs . increasing wealth to stockholders . focusing on customers l. motivating employees . social responsibility	nd
3.	is managing profitable customer relationships. Management Control Marketing Human resources Customer service	
4.	he twofold goal of marketing is to keep and grow current customers and to	
	 attract new customers by promising superior value keep and grow current customers by delivering competitive pricing keep and grow current customers by delivering friendly service keep and grow current customers by delivering vast product assortment all of the above 	
5.	lighly successful businesses know that if they take care of their customers, will fol frequent good word of mouth market share profits market share and profits increased competition	ow.
6.	What do businesses call a set of benefits that they promise to consumers to satisfy their need. market offering value proposition demand satisfaction need proposition	ls?

e. evoked set

7.	to satisfy needs and wants. What are you preparing? a. value proposition b. demand satisfaction c. tactical plan d. market offering e. strategy
8.	Customer satisfaction depends on the product's perceived value relative to the buyer's a. cost of obtaining the product b. expectations c. cost of competing products d. cost of the lost experience e. all of the above
9.	When a customer is satisfied, we can safely say that this is when a customer's purchase his or her expectations. a. exceeds b. redefines c. falls short of d. lives up to e. none of the above
10.	The five alternative concepts under which organisations conduct their marketing activities include the production,, selling, marketing and societal marketing concepts. a. promotion b. pricing c. distribution d. product e. demarketing
11.	Computers now generate mounds of data. However, given all this data, marketing managers still complain that they lack a. enough information of the right kind b. quality information c. timely information d. accurate and reliable information e. valid information
12.	An MIS consists of people, equipment and procedures to, sort, analyse, evaluate and distribute information to marketing decision makers. a. test b. test market c. gather d. critique e. assess

- 13. Your business has just developed its first successful MIS. It interacts with information users to _____ information needs, develop needed information, distribute the marketing information, and help managers use it in their decision-making.
 - a. assess
 - b. collect
 - c. retrieve
 - d. store
 - e. validate
- 14. The marketing information system is not limited to use by the business it serves. It may also provide information to ______.
 - a. the government
 - b. external partners
 - c. various publics
 - d. competitors
 - e. none of the above
- 15. This systematic collection and analysis of publicly available information about competitors and developments in the marketing environment is very useful. What is it called?
 - a. marketing data
 - b. marketing intelligence
 - c. web master
 - d. sales and sales management
 - e. secondary data

QUESTION 2: TRUE/FALSE

(5X2=10)

Choose the correct answer and use the answer sheet provided to answer the following multiple choice questions. Each question only has ONE correct answer. Two (2) marks shall be awarded for each correct answer.

- 2.1 An effective MIS assesses information needs, develops needed information and distributes the information to help managers use it in decision-making.
- 2.2 Developing an internal database often requires that you obtain information from your business's accounting and sales records stored in the computer.
- 2.3 Marketing research systematically designs, collects and reports data directly relevant to a specific marketing situation facing the organisation.
- 2.4 Defining the problem and research objectives is often the hardest step in the research process.
- 2.5 Ethnographic research involves sending trained observers to watch and interact with consumers in their "natural habitat".

Answer all the questions of Section B in the answer book(s) provided.

QUESTION 1 (15)

- 1.1 To create and capture customer value Marketers have to follow five steps; name the five (5) steps in the Marketing Process. (5)
- 1.2 Describe the five (5) different marketing management orientations that a company can adopt to drive its marketing strategy.

(10)

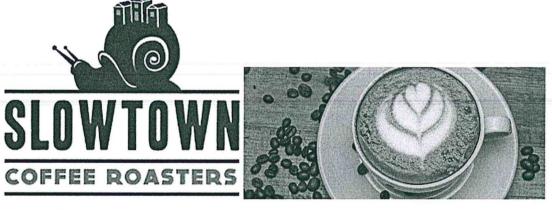
QUESTION 2 (4)

Name the four (4) research contact methods.

QUESTION 3 (37)

SLOWTOWN COFFEE ROASTERS CASE STUDY AND QUESTIONS

Read the following case study, and answer the Questions that follow.



Slowtown coffee roasters is a Namibian based lucrative company with products distributed and manufactured nationally. Slowtown's current product range includes various quality brewed coffee, pastries and light lunches. Slowtown's strategy focuses on targeting new distribution channels in the form of delivery, providing an even larger product range and keeping abreast of modern technology. Furthermore, Slowtown target market are customers born between 1977 and 2000 and are comfortable with technology. The changing consumer trends to live healthier and avoid any kind of caffeine can be a potential threat to Slowtown because consumers demand more caffeine free coffee and healthier food options. Because Slowtown's marketing function cannot expand further on health issues, nor does their current product ranges be marketed adequately among consumers, it causes inadequate control problems in stock. Slowtown's strong financial position may count in their favor during the standing economic recession in Namibia during which other competitors may arise. Competitors with better prices can count against Slowtown because they are asking more expensive product prices. Slowtown products pricing strategy is based on what markets can pay but does not consider actual costs.

3.1 Describe strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats.					
3.2 Identify two strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats from the Slowtown case st	tudy (8)				
3.3 Identify how Slowtown will adapt their marketing mixes for international markets if they was enter the South African market with no cultural differences?	nt to (3)				
3.4 Identify which generation of customers in the demographic environment Slowtown target?	(3)				
3.5 Before a marketer can produce products, the marketer must understand the different type markets that demand its products. Name and briefly explain by means of an example the five different types of markets that are available to a marketer.					
QUESTION 4	(15)				
Explain the five (5) consumer decision-making stages.					
QUESTION 5	(4)				
Briefly explain the following terms and give one example of each of the following terms.					
5.1 Consumerism	(2)				
5.1 Environmentalism					

ANSWER SHEET FOR SECTION A

Question 1 (15 x 1 = 15 Marks)								
	A	В	С	D	E			
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								

Question 2

STUDENT NUMBER:

TRUE FALSE

2.1

2.2

2.3

2.4

2.5

(5 X 2 = 10 MARKS)